**Microservices, Spring Boot and Spring Cloud**

**1. Introduction to Microservices, Spring Boot and Spring Cloud**

**What are Microservices?**

"Loosely coupled service-oriented architecture with bounded context".

Adrian Cockcroft, Battery Ventures

**Why are Microservices Architectures popular?**

* Desire for faster changes
* Need for greater availability
* Motivated for fine-grained scaling
* Compatible with a DevOps mindset

**Core Characteristics of Microservices**

* Components exposed as services
* Tied to specific Domain
* Loosely coupled
* Built to tolerate failure
* Delivered continuously via automation
* Built and run by independent teams

Should every app be turned into a set of Microservices?

No, some application should not turn into a set of Microservices

if they are not having multiple team dependency, continuous delivery etc...

**What is Spring Cloud?**

* Microservices Scaffolding with Spring Cloud
  + Released on March 2015
  + Build Common Distributed System Pattern
  + Open Source Software
  + Optimized for Spring Apps
  + Run Anywhere
  + Includes NetflixOSS Technology

* Catalog of Spring Cloud Projects

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Spring Cloud Config | Git-backed configuration server |
| Spring Cloud Netflix | Suite for service discovery, routing, availability |
| Spring Cloud Consul | Service discovery with Consul |
| Spring Cloud Security | Simplify OAuth 2.0 flows |
| Spring Cloud Sleuth | Distributed tracing |
| Spring Cloud Stream | Message bus abstraction |
| Spring Cloud Task | Short-lived, Single-task microservices |
| Spring Cloud Dataflow | Orchestration of data microservices |
| Spring Cloud Zookeeper | Service discovery and configuration with Zookeeper |
| Spring Cloud for AWS | Exposes core AWS service to Spring Developers |
| Spring Cloud Spinnaker | Multi-Cloud deployment |
| Sprint cloud Contract | Stubs for service contracts |

**What is Spring Boot?**

* Offers opinionated runtime for Spring
* Convention, Not configuration
* "Opinions" can be overridden
* Handles boilerplate setup
* Simple dependency management
* Embeds app server in executable JAR
* Built in endpoints for health metrics

**DEMO: Building a Spring Boot Apps**

* Reviewing the Spring INITIALIZR Site
  + https://spring.io
  + https://start.spring.io
* Looking at Spring Tool Suite
* Creating a Spring Boot Project
* Reviewing the POM File
* Editing the application.properties file
* Adding a REST Endpoint
* Starting and running an application
* Viewing the Actuator endpoints

application.properties configuration

server.port=8080

management.endpoints.web.exposure.include=\*

management.trace.http.enabled=true

Useful Endpoints

http://localhost:8080/actuator/health

http://localhost:8080/actuator/beans

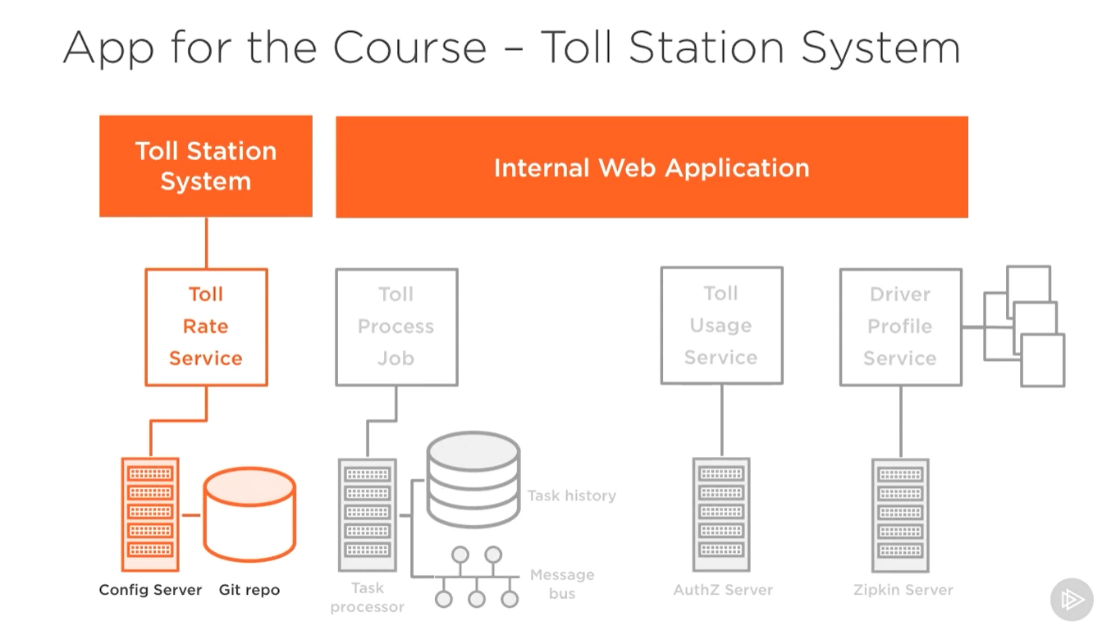
http://localhost:8080/actuator/env

http://localhost:8080/actuator/metrics

http://localhost:8080/actuator/mappings

http://localhost:8080/actuator/trace

**Core Application and Prerequisites**



* Java and OOP
* Spring Framework
* Java-friendly IDE
* MYSQL and RabbitMQ
* Goals for this Course
  + Understand modern Microservices pattern
  + Get comfortable starting Spring Boot and Spring Cloud projects
  + Explore the core capabilities of Spring Cloud
  + Lean how to configure and extend Spring Cloud
* Workstation
  + Spring Tool Suite
  + Maven build manager
  + Vagrant
  + Postman
  + GitHub Account

**2. Simplifying Environment Management with Centralized Configuration**

**The Role of Configuration in Microservices**

* Removing **“settings”** from compiled code
* Change runtime behaviors
* Enforce consistency across elastic services
* Cache values to reduce load on databases

**Problems with the Status Quo**

* Local configuration files fall out of sync
* No history of changes with env variables
* Configuration changes required restart
* Challenges with sensitive information
* Inconsistent usage across teams

**Creating Config Server**

* Spring Cloud Config
  + HTTP access to git or file-based configurations
* Choose a config source
  + Local Files
    - Points to classpath or file system
    - Multiple search locations possible
    - No audit trails
    - Supports labelling
    - Support for placeholders in URI
    - Relies on “native” profile
    - Dev/Test only, unless set up in reliable, shared fashion
  + Git-based Repository
    - Points to Git repository
    - Multiple search locations possible
    - Full change history
    - Supports labelling
    - Support for placeholders in URI
    - Multiple profiles possible
    - Local Git for Dev/Test highly available file system or service for production
* Add config files
  + Setting up Configuration Files
    - Native support for YML, properties file
    - Can serve out any text file
    - File name contains app, optionally profile
    - Nested folder supported
    - All matching files returned
* Build the Spring project
  + Use <https://spring.io> or Spring Tool Suite to generate scaffolding.
  + See POM dependency spring-cloud-config-server and spring-boot-starter-actuator.
  + Add @EnableConfigServer annotation to class.
  + Create application properties (or YAML) with server port, app name and profile.
* Secure the configurations

**DEMO: Creating a Config Server for Local Files**

* Create a Spring Starter project
* Annotate the main class
  + @EnableConfigServer
* Set the application properties
  + server.port=8080
  + spring.profiles.active=native
  + management.endpoints.web.exposure.include=mappings
* Add **local** configuration files
  + Create config folder under resources and add properties files
    - app1.properties with greeting=Hello
    - app2.properties with greeting=Hi
    - app3.properties with greeting=Howdy
* Run as a Spring Boot app
* Query for configurations
  + <http://localhost:8080/app1/default>
    - We will get all the properties from app1.properties
  + <http://localhost:8080/app2/default>
    - We will get all the properties from app2.properties
  + <http://localhost:8080/app3/default>
    - We will get all the properties from app3.properties

**Working with Config Server URIs**

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spring:

cloud:

config:

server:

git:

uri: <https://github.com/wa-tolls/rates> 🡨 Point to Git Location

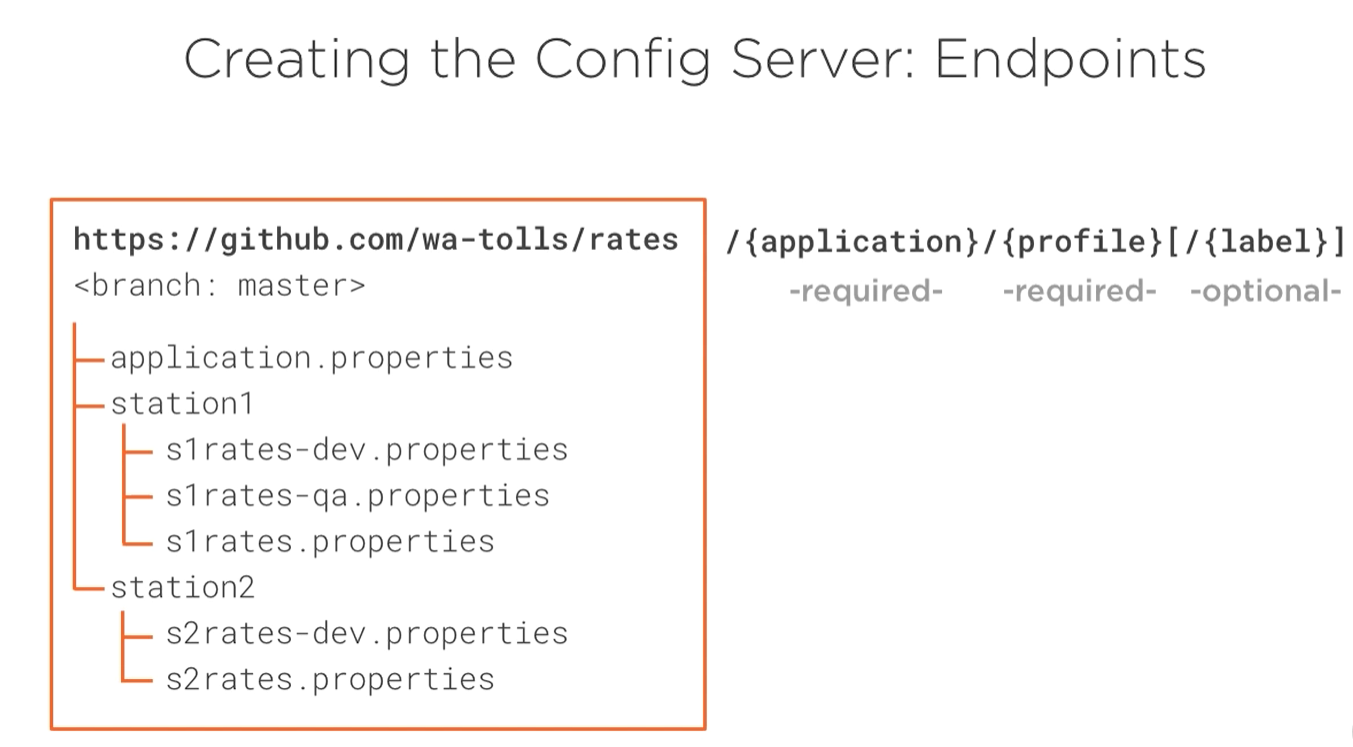
searchPaths: ‘station\*’ 🡨 Pattern to search sub directories

repos: 🡨 Points to alternate repositories

prod:

pattern: ‘\*/prod’ 🡨 Pattern to go to alternate repositories

uri: https://github.com/wa-tolls/rates-prod



**DEMO: Creating a Config Server for GitHub Files**

* Create GitHub Repository with Files
  + <https://github.com/Raj-Tomar/spring-cloud-config-wa-tolls>
  + <https://github.com/Raj-Tomar/spring-cloud-config-wa-tolls-performace>
* Create a Spring Starter Project
  + <https://github.com/Raj-Tomar/spring-cloud-m2-config-server-git>
* Annotate the main class
  + @EnableConfigServer
* Set Git URL in application YAML
  + Configure below properties in application.yml file

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server:

port: 8080

spring:

cloud:

config:

server:

git:

uri: https://github.com/Raj-Tomar/spring-cloud-config-wa-tolls

#username: Raj

#password: RajTomar

search-paths:

- 'station\*'

repos:

perfs:

pattern:

- "\*/performance"

uri: https://github.com/Raj-Tomar/spring-cloud-config-wa-tolls-performance

search-paths:

- 'station\*'

* Run as a Spring Boot App
* Experiments with search paths, queries
  + <http://localhost:8080/s1rates/default>
  + <http://localhost:8080/s1rates/master>
  + <http://localhost:8080/s1rates/dev>
  + <http://localhost:8080/s1rates-default.properties>
  + <http://localhost:8080/s1rates-default.yml>
  + <http://localhost:8080/s1rates-default.json>
  + <http://localhost:8080/s1rates/performace>
  + <http://localhost:8080/s3rates/performace>

**Consuming Configurations from Spring Boot Apps**

* Spring apps are use Config Servers as a property source
* Loads values based on app name, Spring profile, label
* Annotate code with ***@Value*** attribute
* Can consume from non-spring apps via URL

**DEMO: Consuming Configuration from Spring Boot App**

* Create a Spring Starter Project
  + <https://github.com/Raj-Tomar/spring-cloud-m2-config-client>
* Add application and bootstrap files
  + bootstrap.properties for loading configuration quickly
* Create Controller with annotations
* Return values derived from properties
* Experiment with different profile, profiles

**Applying Access Security to Configuration**